



Press Release

‘Assessment and Voters’ Score Card on the Second Year Fulfillment of Political Platform of the Fifth Mandate of Government’

During the second year of the fifth mandate of the National Assembly (NA), the Royal Government of Cambodia (RGC) led by the Cambodian People’s Party (CPP) has fully fulfilled 6 (37.5%) of 16 political platforms with precise indicators. They are: annual 7% economic growth, annual 1% poverty reduction, halting of economic land concessions, transportation policy creation, an increase in foreign tourists, and the creation of a national policy related to jobs and careers.

While another seven political platforms related to water for family fishing, land title registration, national housing policy design, people’s access to running water, village electricity supplies, secondary school construction in all communes, and one million tons of rice exports in 2015, have only been partly fulfilled or/and implemented by the RGC. Three political platform promises have been implemented, but when compared to the previous performance the RGC is unlikely to fulfill them. For example, these include maintenance of existing forest cover, and implementation of retirement allowance in the private sector and improvement of rural roads.

For the second year, voters’ score card on the fulfillment of political platform with imprecise indicators, 26% of participants are satisfied, 62% of them are partly satisfied, while 12% are not satisfied. Looking at the score of each of the four sectors, it can be shown that the first sector on national defence security and public order is satisfied by 28% of participants, partly satisfied by 58% and not satisfied by 13%.The second sector on improvement of public administration, decentralization and deconcentration, law and justice, and anti-corruption activities is satisfied by 26% of participants, partly satisfied by 60% and not satisfied by 13%. The third sector on economic development is satisfied by 22% of participants, partly satisfied by 66% and not satisfied by 10%. And the last sector on development of education, health, labor, culture and social affairs is satisfied by 27% of participants, partly satisfied by 62% and not satisfied by 9% of them.

To compare with the score card results in Phnom Penh in 2014, where the method of scoring is the same to 2015, in 2015 the number of participants dissatisfied decreases from 55% in 2014 to 50%, while the number of participants partly satisfied increases from 35% to 40%. As the result 5% of participants in Phnom Penh turn from dissatisfied to partly satisfied in 2015, while the percentage of participants satisfied with the fulfillment of RGC remains the same.

Looking at the 2015 national budget, the RGC planned to spend US \$3,758 million 16% of which is not allocated. The RGC planned to allocate 27.82% of the budget to social affairs, 16.24% to

Vision : A democratic society that democratization in particular democratic elections are promoted and qualified to bring benefits to people.

ទស្សនៈវិស័យ ៖ ដើម្បីសង្គមកម្ពុជាដែលការបោះឆ្នោតដោយសេរី និងយុត្តិធម៌ត្រូវបានលើកកម្ពស់ និងគាំទ្រដោយគ្រប់គ្រង។

national defence, security and public order, 28.57% to the economic sector, and 11.18% to general administration. Among the four sectors, the expenditure on the economic sector is the highest.

It is noted that fulfillment of national defence, security and public order sector is the most not-satisfied of the four sectors. 13% of participants are not satisfied with the fulfillment, while the RGC planned to spend 16.24% of national budget which is the third highest amount.

By the second year of the fifth mandate, the number of cabinet members categorized in law on preparation and functioning of cabinet remains the same when compared to the previous year. However, the number of undersecretary of state has increased by 28 in 15 ministries, and Royal Government of Cambodia's advisor ranked as members of the cabinet has increased by 43, while only five had been fired (three undersecretaries of state and two RGC's advisors)

By September 2015, RGC had issued 1,222 sub degrees and 75 announcements. Around 05% of sub degrees concerned the transferring of public property to the private property of state, transferring of budget and taking land out from area of forest cover and economic concessions. The remainder concered the awarding of of medals commendations and the promotion of government officials.

The report on the Assessment and Voters' Score Card on the Second Year Fulfillment of the Political Platform of the Fifth Mandate of Government compiled by COMFREL is based on analysis of existing primary data from NGO, INGO, press agencies and national institutions for making an assessment on the fulfillment of political platforms with precise indicator. For an assessment on fulfillment of the political platform with imprecise indicators, 24 voters' score card forums were conducted in 24 capital/provinces with approximately 797 participants. 33 points with imprecise indicator found in political platform were scored twice¹.

The political platform of the fifth mandate government is categorized into four main sectors: 1: National defence, security and public order, 2: Improvement of public administration, decentralization and deconcentration, law and justice, and anti-corruption activities, 3: Development of economics and 4: Development of education, health, labor, culture and social affairs.

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បេសកកម្ម ៖ បេសកកម្មរបស់ខុមហ្វ្រែល គឺជួយបង្កើតបរិយាកាសគួរជាទីពេញចិត្ត និងមានព័ត៌មានគ្រប់គ្រាន់ ទី១/ដើម្បីឱ្យមានដំណើរការបោះឆ្នោតដោយសេរី និងយុត្តិធម៌ តាមរយៈការបញ្ចុះបញ្ចូល តស៊ូមតិ ដើម្បីទទួលបាននូវក្របខ័ណ្ឌច្បាប់សមរម្យ, ការអប់រំដើម្បីផ្តល់ព័ត៌មានដល់អ្នកបោះឆ្នោត អំពីសិទ្ធិ និងសកម្មភាពចូលរួមសង្កេតការណ៍របស់ពួកគេ ដែលអាចរារាំងនូវភាពមិនប្រក្រតី ព្រមទាំងផ្តល់នូវរបាយការណ៍អង្កេតយ៉ាងទូលំទូលាយ និងឆាប់រហ័ស ដើម្បីអាចឱ្យមានការវាយតម្លៃលើដំណើរការ បោះឆ្នោតមួយដែលមិនលំអៀង និងមិនប្រកាន់បក្សពួក ទី២/ដើម្បីឱ្យមានអត្ថន័យនៃដំណាក់កាលក្រោយពេលបោះឆ្នោត តាមរយៈការអប់រំ និងវេទិកាសាធារណៈក្នុងគោលបំណងជំរុញលើកទឹកចិត្តប្រជាពលរដ្ឋឱ្យចូលរួមក្នុងកិច្ចការនយោបាយ និងការធ្វើសេចក្តីសម្រេចនានា ការតស៊ូមតិ/បញ្ចុះបញ្ចូលដើម្បីឱ្យមានការកែទម្រង់ ដំណើរការបោះឆ្នោតដែលបង្កើននូវគណនេយ្យភាព (ការទទួលខុសត្រូវ) របស់មន្ត្រីជាប់ឆ្នោត ព្រមទាំងផ្តល់នូវរបាយការណ៍អង្កេតយ៉ាងទូលំទូលាយ និងឆាប់រហ័ស ដើម្បីអាចឱ្យមានការវាយតម្លៃមួយដែលមិនលំអៀង និងប្រកាន់បក្សពួក ទៅលើការបំពេញកម្មវិធីនយោបាយ និងដំណើរការអនុវត្តន៍ការងាររបស់មន្ត្រីជាប់ឆ្នោត។

¹ Political platforms with imprecise indicator is first scored with participant's knowledge and second scored with not only the their knowledge but also information of fulfillment of them from the speaker.